Girls Athletic Leadership Schools Denver (A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Denver, Colorado

**Financial Statements** 

June 30, 2019



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### **Independent Auditors' Report**

Board of Directors Girls Athletic Leadership Schools Denver Denver, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Girls Athletic Leadership Schools Denver, component unit of Denver Public Schools, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of Girls Athletic Leadership Schools Denver, as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of Girls Athletic Leadership Schools Denver as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Other Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School's financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

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Greenwood Village, Colorado October 16, 2019



#### Management's Discussion and Analysis – Girls Athletic Leadership Schools of Denver

As management of Girls Athletic Leadership Schools of Denver (GALS), we offer readers of Girls Athletic Leadership Schools of Denver's financial statements, our narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of GALS Middle School, GALS High School and The Boys School of Denver (BOYS) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The GALS Middle School began classes in the 2010-2011 school year, the High School began classes in the 2014-2015 school year, and the Boys School began classes in the 2017-18 school year.

#### **Financial Highlights**

As of June 30, 2019, the total net position (\$2,019,843) based on the implementation of the GASB Statement 68. This change represents accounting presentation of these pension-related items only.

At the close of the fiscal year, GALS governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$678,974, a decrease of \$128,178 over the 2018 ending fund balance of \$807,152. The net decrease across all three schools was largely due to investment in our leadership with salary increases to stay competitive.

#### **Overview of Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Girls Athletic Leadership Schools of Denver's basic financial statements. GALS's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements. 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of GALS's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of GALS's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Girls Athletic Leadership Schools of Denver is improving or deteriorating, or reflects trends in State funding, enrollment and Denver teacher competitive salaries.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the School's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected grant expenses and earned but unpaid salary and benefits).

The government-wide statement of activities distinguishes functions/programs of GALS/BOYS supported primarily by Per Pupil Operating Revenue or other revenues passed through from the District (Denver Public Schools). The governmental activities of GALS include instruction and supporting services.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 3-7 of this report.

#### Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Girls Athletic Leadership Schools of Denver, like other governmental units or schools, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. 93% of funds received are governmental funds.

#### **Governmental funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the School's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Girls Athletic Leadership Schools of Denver maintains two governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the capital reserve fund, because both are considered to be major funds.

Girls Athletic Leadership Schools of Denver adopts an annual appropriated budget for its funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. This information is provided in pages 8-30.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

In the case of Girls Athletic Leadership Schools of Denver, liabilities exceeded assets resulting in a Net Position of (\$2,019,843) in 2018-2019. This is directly related to the pension liability reporting requirement under GASB 68. Without the pension related liability, GALS net position would be (\$128,178).

#### Girls Athletic Leadership Schools of Denver Statement of Net Position Governmental Activities

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash	\$ 793,681
Accounts Receivable	93,325
Grants Receivable	5,000
Prepaid Expenses	48,429
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	40,152
Total Assets	980,587
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
OPEB. Net of Accumulated Amortization	93,874
Pensions, Net of Accumulated Amortization	1,780,501
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,874,375
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	1.941
Accrued Liabilities	32.685
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	211,755
Unearned Revenue	15,080
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Net OPEB Liability	222,772
Net Pension Liability	3,323,157
Total Liabilities	3,807,390
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
OPEB, Net of Accumulated Amortization	25,846
Pensions, Net of Accumulated Amortization	1,041,569
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,067,415
Net Position	
Restricted for Emergencies	220,000
Unrestricted	(2,239,843)
Total Net Position	\$ <u>(2,019,843)</u>

\* See Notes to the Financial Statements (#4) for further information on Benefit Pension Plan.

The largest portion of Girls Athletic Leadership Schools of Denver's assets is in cash and receivables at 90% in 2019.

#### Girls Athletic Leadership Schools of Denver Change in Fund Balances Governmental Activities

		General
Revenues		8 845 070
Local Sources	\$	6,645,078
State Sources		278,486
Federal Sources	_	229,846
Total Revenues	_	7,153,410
Expenditures		
Instruction		5,071,975
Supporting Services	_	2,209,613
Total Expenditures	_	7,281,588
Net Change in Fund Balance		(128,178)
Fund Balance, Beginning of year	_	807,152
Fund Balance, End of year	s	678,974

The largest portion of Girls Athletic Leadership Schools of Denver's revenues came from per pupil revenue and district mill levy revenue at 93% in 2019.

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, Girls Athletic Leadership Schools uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of Girls Athletic Leadership Schools of Denver's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing GALS's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the School's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The School approves a preliminary budget in May based on enrollment projections for the school year. In October after enrollment stabilizes, adjustments are made to the budget. No budget amendment was made during the 2018-2019 school year.

The overall GALS network recognized an increase in revenue compared to the previous year in Tuition & Fees, Contributions & Donations, and Grants. GALS actively fundraises throughout the year and has seen an increase in supporter's year-over-year. With expenditures, GALS recognized some cost savings in Benefits, Purchased Services and Supplies & Materials. GALS salaries increased due to staff retention and staying competitive.

#### **Capital assets & Long-Term Debt**

Girls Athletic Leadership Schools of Denver capital assets include one vehicle, copier equipment, and computer equipment. Net Capital Assets total \$40,152.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

The primary factor driving the budget for Girls Athletic Leadership Schools of Denver is student enrollment. Enrollment for the 2018-2019 school year was 609 funded students; 326 in the Middle School, 133 in the High School and 150 in the Boys School. This information was analyzed as part of the 2018-2019 budget which projected a total funded student count of 637.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Girls Athletic Leadership Schools of Denver's finances for all those with an interest in the School's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the school:

Carol Bowar, Executive Director Girls Athletic Leadership Schools of Denver 750 Galapago Street Denver, CO 80204 **Basic Financial Statements** 

**Girls Athletic Leadership Schools Denver** (A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash	\$ 793,681
Accounts Receivable	93,325
Grants Receivable	5,000
Prepaid Expenses	48,429
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	40,152
Total Assets	980,587
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
OPEB, Net of Accumulated Amortization	93,874
Pensions, Net of Accumulated Amortization	1,780,501
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,874,375
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	1,941
Accrued Liabilities	32,685
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	211,755
Unearned Revenue	15,080
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Net OPEB Liability	222,772
Net Pension Liability	3,323,157
Total Liabilities	3,807,390
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
OPEB, Net of Accumulated Amortization	25,846
Pensions, Net of Accumulated Amortization	1,041,569
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,067,415
Net Position	
Restricted for Emergencies	220,000
Unrestricted	(2,239,843)
Total Net Position	\$(2,019,843)_

**Girls Athletic Leadership Schools Denver** (A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Program		ues perating	F	let (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position
			C	harges for	G	rants and	G	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses			Services	Co	ntributions		Activities
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities								
Instruction	\$	5,073,152	\$	170,868	\$	134,291	\$	(4,767,993)
Supporting Services	_	2,231,126		-		378,473	_	(1,852,653)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	7,304,278	\$	170,868	\$	512,764	_	(6,620,646)
	Gei	neral Revenue	es					
	Per Pupil Revenue						4,989,755	
	Additional At-Risk Funding					4,015		
	D	istrict Mill Lev	evy ruction ontributions not Restricted					833,886
	С	apital Constru						106,743
	G	Frants and Cor						
		to Specific Pr						444,251
	Ir	vestment Inco	ome					3,771
	С	other	General Revenues				_	202,547
		Total General					_	6,584,968
	Change in Net Position						(35,678)	
	Net	<b>Position</b> , Be	ginnir	ng of year				(1,984,165)
	Net	Position, En	d of y	ear			\$_	(2,019,843)

# Girls Athletic Leadership Schools Denver (A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Balance Sheet Governmental Fund June 30, 2019

		General
Assets	•	
Cash	\$	793,681
Accounts Receivable		93,325
Grants Receivable		5,000
Prepaid Expenditures	_	48,429
Total Assets	\$_	940,435
Liabilities and Fund Balance		
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable		1,941
Accrued Liabilities		32,685
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		211,755
Unearned Revenue		15,080
Total Liabilities	_	261,461
Fund Balance		
Nonspendable Prepaid Expenditures		48,429
Restricted for Emergencies		220,000
Unrestricted, Unassigned		410,545
Total Fund Balance	_	678,974
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$_	940,435
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:		
Total Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund	\$	678,974
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		40,152
Long-term liabilities and related items are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.		
Net pension liability		(3,323,157)
Pension-related deferred outflows of resources		1,780,501
Pension-related deferred inflows of resources		(1,041,569)
Net OPEB liability		(222,772)
OPEB-related deferred outflows of resources		93,874
OPEB-related deferred inflows of resources		(25,846)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$_	(2,019,843)

# **Girls Athletic Leadership Schools Denver** (A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		General
Revenues		
Local Sources	\$	6,645,078
State Sources		278,486
Federal Sources	_	229,846
Total Revenues	_	7,153,410
Expenditures		
Instruction		5,071,975
Supporting Services	_	2,209,613
Total Expenditures	_	7,281,588
Net Change in Fund Balance		(128,178)
Fund Balance, Beginning of year	_	807,152
Fund Balance, End of year	\$	678,974

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:	
Net Change in Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund	\$ (128,178)
Governmental fund report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of	
activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as	
depreciation expense:	(2, 200)
Depreciation expense	(3,268)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
These amounts represent the changes in:	
Net Pension liability	754,450
Pension-related deferred outflows of resources	(633,862)
Pension-related deferred inflows of resources	(40,827)
Net OPEB liability	8,387
OPEB-related deferred outflows of resources	26,249
OPEB-related deferred inflows of resources	 (18,629)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (35,678)

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Nature of Operations

Girls Athletic Leadership Schools (the School) was organized pursuant to the Colorado Charter Schools Act, to form and operate a charter school within Denver Public Schools (the District) in the State of Colorado. The Middle School began classes in the 2010-2011 school year, the High School began classes in the 2014-2015 school year, and the Boys School began classes in the 2017-18 school year.

The accounting policies of the School conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Following is a summary of the more significant policies.

#### **Reporting Entity**

The financial reporting entity consists of the School, organizations for which the School is financially accountable and organizations that raise and hold economic resources for the direct benefit of the School. All funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments and offices that are not legally separate are part of the School. Legally separate organizations for which the School is financially accountable are considered part of the reporting entity. Financial accountability exists if the School appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and is able to impose its will on the organization, or if the organization has the potential to provide benefits to, or impose financial burdens on, the School. Based on the application of this criteria, the School does not include additional organizations within its reporting entity.

The School is a component unit of the District. The School's charter was authorized by the District and the majority of the School's funding is provided by the District.

#### **Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all activities of the School. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported in a single column.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to students or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Unrestricted revenues not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Major individual funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current year or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current year. For this purpose, the School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current year. Intergovernmental revenues, grants and interest associated with the current year are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current year. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the School. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific use, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first and the unrestricted resources as they are needed.

In the fund financial statements, the School reports the following major governmental fund:

*General Fund* - This fund is the general operating fund of the School. It is currently used to account for all financial activities of the School.

#### Assets, Liabilities and Net Position/Fund Balance

*Receivables* - All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

*Prepaid Expenses* - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future years and are reported as prepaid expenses.

*Capital Assets* - Capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date of donation.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### **Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies** (Continued)

#### Assets, Liabilities and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life, as follows:

#### Equipment

5 years

Accrued Salaries and Benefits - Salaries and retirement benefits of certain contractually employed personnel are paid over a twelve-month period from August to July, but are earned during a school year of approximately nine months. The salaries and benefits earned but unpaid are reported as a liability of the General Fund.

*Compensated Absences* - Employees of the School are allowed to accumulate unused personal and sick leave to a maximum of 88 hours. The School does not reimburse or otherwise compensate terminated employees for any unused personal and sick leave. Therefore, no liability is reported in the financial statements for these compensated absences.

*Pensions* - The School participates in the Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund (DPSD), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position, and additions to and deductions from the DPSD's fiduciary net position have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, the same basis of accounting used by the DPSD. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Employer contributions are recognized when the compensation is payable to the employees.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) - The School participates in the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a single-employer postemployment healthcare plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position, and additions to and deductions from the HCTF's fiduciary net position have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, the same basis of accounting used by the HCTF. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Assets, Liabilities and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

*Net Position/Fund Balance* - In the government-wide and fund financial statements, net position and fund balance are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are externally imposed. The Board of Directors is authorized to establish a fund balance commitment through passage of a resolution and may assign fund balances to a specific purpose through an informal action.

The School has not established a formal policy for its use of restricted and unrestricted fund balances. However, if both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available for a specific purpose, the School uses restricted fund balance first, followed by committed, assigned and unassigned balances.

#### <u>Risk Management</u>

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School carries commercial insurance for these risks of loss.

#### Subsequent Events

We have evaluated subsequent events through October 16, 2019, the date the financial Statements were available to be issued.

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments

#### <u>Deposits</u>

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires all local governments to deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by State regulations. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. The PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. At June 30, 2019, the School had bank deposits of \$698,219 collateralized with securities held by the financial institution's agent but not in the School's name.

#### Investments

The School is required to comply with State statutes which specify investment instruments meeting defined rating, maturity and concentration risk criteria in which local governments may invest, which include the following. State statutes do not address custodial risk.

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Agency securities
- Certain international agency securities

(A Component Unit of Derver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### Investments (Continued)

- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

*Interest Rate Risk* - State statutes generally limit investments to an original maturity of five years unless the governing board authorizes the investment for a period in excess of five years.

*Credit Risk* - State statutes limit certain investments to those with specified ratings from nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, depending on the type of investment.

*Concentration of Credit Risk* - State statutes do not limit the amount the School may invest in a single issuer, except for corporate securities.

The School had no investments at June 30, 2019.

#### Note 3: Capital Assets

Capital Assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

		Balance 6/30/18		Additions		Deletions		Balance 6/30/19
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, <i>Being Depreciated</i>	¢	<b>FE 577</b>	¢	42.000	¢	(11.000)	¢	EC 077
Equipment Less: Accumulated Depreciation Equipment	\$	55,577 (12,157)	\$	13,000 (5,558)	\$	(11,900) 1,190	Ф	56,677 (16,525)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$_	43,420	\$	7,442	\$	(10,710)	\$_	40,152

(A Component Unit of Derver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

### Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### **General Information**

*Plan Description* - The School contributes to the Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund (DPSD), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by (PERA). All employees of the School participate in the DPSD. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available financial report (CAFR) that includes information on the DPSD that may be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

*Benefits Provided* - The DPSD provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to plan participants or their beneficiaries. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) benefit structure is the greater of the a) highest average salary multiplied by 2.5% and then multiplied by years of service credit, or b) \$15 times the first 10 years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over 10 years plus a monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account balance based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the a) highest average salary multiplied by 2.5% and then multiplied by years of service credit, or b) the value of the retiring employee's contribution account plus an equal match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date, annualized into a monthly amount based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Retirees may elect to withdraw their contributions upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

#### **General Information** (Continued)

Plan Description - The School contributes to the Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund (DPSD), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by (PERA). All employees of the School participate in the DPSD. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available financial report (CAFR) that includes information on the DPSD that may be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports. As of December 31, 2018, retirees who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement costof-living adjustments (COLAs) in certain years, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Pursuant to SB 18-200, there are no annual increases (AI) for 2018 and 2019 for all benefit Thereafter, retirees under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible recipients. employment before January 1, 2007 and all benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive an annual increase, unless PERA has a negative investment year, in which case the annual increase for the next three years is the lesser of 1.5% or the average consumer price index for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the DPSD. The automatic adjustment provision may raise or lower the aforementioned AI for a given year by up to one-quarter of 1 percent based on the parameters specified C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible plan participants once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of a disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula described previously, considering a minimum of twenty years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure in place under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor who will receive the benefits.

*Contributions* - The School, eligible employees and the State are required to contribute to the DPSD at a rate set by Colorado statute. These contribution requirements are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, et seq. and § 24-51-413. The contribution rate for eligible employees is 8% of covered salaries during the period of July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019. The School's contribution rate for calendar years 2019 and 2018 was 20.15% of covered salaries, respectively. However, a portion of the School's contribution (1.02% of covered salaries) is allocated to the Health Care Trust Fund (see Note 5).

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

#### **General Information** (Continued)

Employer contributions are recognized by the DPSD in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the School is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the DPSD. The School's contributions to the DPSD for the year ended June 30, 2019, were \$213,301, equal to the required contributions.

#### <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2019, the School reported a net pension liability of \$3,323,157, representing its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. The amount recognized by the School as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School were as follows:

School's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 5,044,857
The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contributing entity associated with the School	 (1,721,700)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,323,157

The net pension liability was measured at December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2018.

The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School's contributions to the DPSD for the calendar year ended December 31, 2018, relative to the contributions of all participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At December 31, 2018, the School's proportion was 0.3248757431%, which was a decrease of 0.1299554353% from its proportion measured at December 31, 2017.

The Colorado General Assembly passed significant pension reform through Senate Bill (SB) 18-200: *Concerning Modifications to the Public Employees' Retirement Association Hybrid Defined Benefit Plan Necessary to Eliminate with a High Probability the Unfunded Liability of the Plan Within the Next Thirty Years.* The bill was signed into law by Governor Hickenlooper on June 4, 2018. A brief description of some of the major changes to plan provisions required by SB 18-200 for the DPSD are listed below. A full copy of the bill can be found online at www.leg.colorado.gov.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

#### <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

- Increases employer contribution rates for the DPSD by 0.25 percent on July 1, 2019.
- Increases employee contribution rates for the DPSD by a total of 2 percent (to be phased in over a period of 3 years starting on July 1, 2019).
- As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413, the State is required to contribute \$225 million each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the DPSD based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the DPSD to the total annual payroll of the DPSD, State Division Trust Fund, School Division Trust Fund, and Judicial Division Trust Fund. A portion of the direct distribution allocated to the DPSD is considered a nonemployer contribution for financial reporting purposes.
- Modifies the retirement benefits, including temporarily suspending and reducing the annual increase for all current and future retirees, increases the highest average salary for employees with less than five years of service credit on December 31, 2019 and raises the retirement age for new employees.
- Member contributions, employer contributions, the direct distribution from the State, and the annual increases will be adjusted based on certain statutory parameters beginning July 1, 2020, and then each year thereafter, to help keep PERA on path to full funding in 30 years.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the direct distribution for the DPSD was \$18,621,907.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School recognized pension benefit of \$340,720 which includes \$183,960 of support from the state as a nonemployer contributing entity. At June 30, 2019, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	203,886	\$	3,255
Changes of assumptions and other inputs		235,203		74,514
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on plan investments		424,833		-
Changes in proportion		784,152		963,800
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		132,427	_	-
Total	\$	1,780,501	\$	1,041,569

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

#### <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

School contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$132,427, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

#### Year Ended June 30,

2019 2020 2021 2022	\$ 	417,114 211,914 (100,577) 78,054
Total	\$_	606,505

*Actuarial Assumptions* - The actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017, determined the total pension liability using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs.

Price inflation	2.4%
Real wage growth	1.1%
Wage inflation	3.5%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.5% - 9.7%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of plan	
investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Future post-employment benefit increases:	
Hired prior to 1/1/2007	2.0%
Hired after 12/31/2006	ad hoc

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

### Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

### <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

Healthy, post-retirement mortality assumptions were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- *Males*: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- *Females*: Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016, valuations were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by the PERA Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting. The significant changes affecting the plan included decreasing the investment rate of return assumption from 7.5% per year, compounded annually, net of investment expenses, to 7.25%, and updating mortality assumptions based on RP-2014 mortality tables.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA's Board on October 28, 2016.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the DPSD, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

#### <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

As of the most recent adoption of the long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class, as follows:

	30 Year Expected		
	Target	Geometric Real	
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	
U.S. Equity - Large Cap	21.20%	4.30%	
U.S. Equity - Small Cap	7.42%	4.80%	
Non U.S. Equity - Developed	18.55%	5.20%	
Non U.S. Equity - Emerging	5.83%	5.40%	
Core Fixed Income	19.32%	1.20%	
High Yield	1.38%	4.30%	
Non U.S. Fixed Income - Developed	1.84%	0.60%	
Emerging Market Debt	0.46%	3.90%	
Core Real Estate	8.50%	4.90%	
Opportunity Fund	6.00%	3.80%	
Private Equity	8.50%	6.60%	
Cash	1.00%	0.20%	
Total	100.00%		

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

*Discount Rate* - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in SB 18-200. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

#### <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200. Employer contributions also include the current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103%, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions included reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- As specified in law, the State will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million (actual dollars), commencing July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded.

Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.

- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial fiduciary net position, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, DPSD's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current participants. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount determination does not use the municipal bond rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

#### <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate, as follows:

	Current				
	1% Decrease (6.25%)				
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,931,562	\$ 3,323,15	7 \$ 1,984,575		
or the net pension liability	$\Psi = 4,901,002$	φ,020,10	φ 1,304,373		

*Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position* - Detailed information about the DPSD's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's separately issued financial report, which may be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

# Note 5: Postemployment Healthcare Benefits

#### **General Information**

*Plan Description* - All employees of the School are eligible to receive postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) through the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a single-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS), as amended, sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR). That report may be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### **Note 5: Postemployment Healthcare Benefits** (Continued)

#### **General Information** (Continued)

*Benefits Provided* - The DPS HCTF provides a healthcare premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the Heath Care Trust Fund (HCTF) and the DPS HCTF. The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

*PERA Benefit Structure* - The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The basis for the maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### **Note 5: Postemployment Healthcare Benefits** (Continued)

#### **General Information** (Continued)

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

*DPS Benefit Structure* - The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for retirees who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for retirees who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The basis for the maximum subsidy, in each case, is for retirees with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The retiree pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For retirees who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, the HCTF or the DPS HCTF pays an alternate service-based premium subsidy. Each individual retiree meeting these conditions receives the maximum \$230 per month subsidy reduced appropriately for service less than 20 years, as described above. Retirees who do not have Medicare Part A pay the difference between the total premium and the monthly subsidy.

*Contributions* - As established by Title 24, Article 51, Section 208 of the CRS, 1.02% of the School's contributions to the Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund (DPSD) (see Note 4) is apportioned to the HCTF. No employee contributions are required. These contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the State Legislature. The School's apportionment to the HCTF for the year ended June 30, 2019, was \$40,525, equal to the required amount.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

### **Note 5: Postemployment Healthcare Benefits** (Continued)

#### <u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>

At June 30, 2019, the School reported a net OPEB liability of \$222,772, representing its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of the HCTF. The net OPEB liability was measured at December 31, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2018.

The School's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the School's contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year ended December 31, 2018, relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2018, the School's proportion was 0.4931861353%, which was an increase of 0.0395680811% from its proportion measured at December 31, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School recognized OPEB expense of \$32,967. At June 30, 2019, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	25,846
Changes of assumptions and other inputs		20		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on plan investments		4,509		-
Changes in proportion		65,976		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		23,369		
Total	\$	93,874	\$	25,846

School contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$23,369 will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### **Note 5: Postemployment Healthcare Benefits** (Continued)

#### <u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u> (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

#### Year Ended June 30,

2019	\$ 8,029
2020	8,029
2021	8,029
2022	9,953
2023	12,349
Thereafter	 (1,730)
Total	\$ 44,659

Actuarial Assumptions - The actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017, determined the total OPEB liability using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Price inflation	2.4%
Real wage growth	1.1%
Wage inflation	3.5%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.5%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of plan	
investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Health care cost trend rates:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.0%
Medicare plans	5.0%
Medicare Part A premiums:	
3% for 2017, gradually rising to 4.25% in 2023	

Calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each actuarial valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between employers of each fund to that point.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

### **Note 5: Postemployment Healthcare Benefits** (Continued)

### <u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u> (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, and were adopted by PERA's governing board on November 18, 2016. In addition, certain actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and the related trends are analyzed by PERA's actuary as needed.

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Healthy, post-retirement mortality assumptions were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- *Males*: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- *Females*: Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the measurement of the obligations for the DPS HCTF:

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2018 plan year.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### **Note 5: Postemployment Healthcare Benefits** (Continued)

### <u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u> (Continued)

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA's Board on October 28, 2016.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the DPS HCTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

The most recent Girls Athletic Leadership Schools Denver Financial analysis of the long-term expected rate of return was adopted by PERA's governing board on November 18, 2016 and included the target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class, as presented previously (see Note 4).

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

*Discount Rate* - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2018, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50%.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### **Note 5: Postemployment Healthcare Benefits** (Continued)

#### <u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u> (Continued)

- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Transfers of a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits were estimated and included in the projections.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the DPS HCTF's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate, as follows:

	Current					
	 1% Decrease (6.25%)		Discount Rate (7.25%)		1% Increase (8.25%)	
Proportionate share						
of the net OPEB liability	\$ 255,046	\$	222,772	\$	195,144	
(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### **Note 5: Postemployment Healthcare Benefits** (Continued)

#### <u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u> (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates, ranging from 3% to 5%, as well as the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates, as follows:

		Current									
		Healthcare Cost									
	19	% Decrease	1% Increase								
Proportionate share											
of the net OPEB liability	\$	222,708	\$	222,772	\$	222,846					

*OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position* - Detailed information about the HCTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's separately issued financial report, which may be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

#### Note 6: Commitments and Contingencies

#### Lease Commitment

The School has entered into an operating lease agreement for school facilities. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the School paid base rent of \$132,450 under this agreement. The agreement required monthly base rent of \$10,833 beginning August 1, 2017, through July 31, 2018. Effective August 1, 2018, the School agreed to extend the lease through July 31, 2019, with monthly payments of \$13,283.

#### **Claims and Judgements**

The School participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by revenues received from other governmental entities. Expenditures financed by these revenues are subject to audit by the appropriate government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with program regulations, the School may be required to reimburse the other government. At June 30, 2018, significant amounts of related expenditures have not been audited but the School believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on the overall financial position of the School.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### **Note 6: Commitments and Contingencies** (Continued)

#### TABOR Amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters passed the TABOR Amendment to the State Constitution which limits state and local government taxing powers and imposes spending limitations. The Amendment is subject to many interpretations, but the School believes it is in substantial compliance with the Amendment. In accordance with the Amendment, the School has established an emergency reserve representing 3% of qualifying expenditures. At June 30, 2019, the reserve was reported as restricted fund balance in the General Fund, in the amount of \$220,000.

#### Note 7: Restatement

Fund balance as of June 30, 2018 has been restated for the correction of errors in the account receivable balances. The School had over-reported accounts and grants receivables at June 30, 2018. The restatement reduced both the 2018 change in fund balance and the fund balance at June 30, 2018 by \$62,829. The effect on beginning fund balance and beginning net position for the 2019 financial statements is as follows:

	 ernmental Funds	Governmental Activities			
Net Position, June 30, 2018, <i>as Originally Stated</i> Correction of Accounts Receivable	\$ 869,981 (62,829)	\$	(1,921,336) (62,829)		
Net Position, June 30, 2018, as Restated	\$ 807,152	\$_	(1,984,165)		

**Required Supplementary Information** 

#### (A Component Unit of Deriver Public Schools) Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado Deriver Public Schools Division Trust Fund June 30, 2019

	 12/31/18		12/31/17		12/31/16		12/31/15		12/31/14		12/31/13
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability											
School's Proportion of the											
Net Pension Liability	0.3248757431%		0.4548311784%		0.3324796982%		0.2541941035%		0.2311222121%		0.1636945688%
School's Proportionate Share of the											
Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,323,157	\$	4,077,607	\$	3,642,222	\$	2,067,958	\$	1,443,531	\$	851,382
School's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 3,581,169	\$	2,866,930	\$	2,196,978	\$	1,832,262	\$	1,438,476	\$	892,566
School's Proportionate Share of the											
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	93%		142%		166%		113%		100%		95%
or covered-Employee rayion	9070		14270		100 %		11570		10070		3370
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total											
Pension Liability	76%		80%		74%		79%		84%		86%
School Contributions	 6/30/19		6/30/18		6/30/17		6/30/16		6/30/15		6/30/14
Statutorily Required Contribution	\$ 213,301	\$	144,872	\$	108,446	\$	55,672	\$	46,679	\$	47,804
Contributions in Relation to the											
Statutorily Required Contribution	 (213,301)	_	(144,872)	_	(108,446)	-	(55,672)	_	(46,679)	-	(47,804)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$_		\$_		\$	-	\$_		\$	
School's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 3,973,083	\$	3,210,962	\$	2,484,198	\$	1,832,262	\$	1,438,476	\$	984,459
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	5.37%		4.51%		4.37%		3.04%		3.25%		4.86%

This schedule is presented to show information for 10 years. Until information for the full 10-year period is available, information will be presented for the years it is available.

#### (A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Contributions Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund June 30, 2019

		12/31/18		12/31/17
Proportionate Share of the Net				
OPEB Liability				
School's Proportion of the				
Net OPEB Liability		0.4931861353%		0.4536180542%
School's Proportionate Share of the				
Net OPEB Liability	\$	255,046	\$	231,159
School's Covered Payroll	\$	3,581,169	\$	2,866,930
School's Proportionate Share of the				
•				
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		7%		8%
or Covered Payron		1 %		0%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a				
Percentage of the Total				
OPEB Liability		0%		30%
		6/30/19		6/30/18
School Contributions				
Statutorily Required Contribution	\$	40,525	\$	32,752
Contributions in Relation to the				
		(40 525)		(22,752)
Statutorily Required Contribution	-	(40,525)	-	(32,752)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-
	=		=	
School's Covered Payroll	\$	3,973,083	\$	3,210,962
Contributions as a Percentage of		1.000		1.0001
Covered Payroll		1.02%		1.02%

This schedule is presented to show information for 10 years. Until information for the full 10-year period is available, information will be presented for the years it is available.

#### (A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original & Final Budget			Actual		Variance <i>Positive</i> (Negative)
Revenues						
Local Sources						
Per Pupil Revenue	\$	5,187,920	\$	4,989,755	\$	(198,165)
Mill Levy Override		863,536		833,886		(29,650)
Tuition and Fees		159,563		170,868		11,305
Contributions and Donations		528,500		444,251		(84,249)
Investment Income		-		3,771		3,771
Other		216,780	_	202,547		(14,233)
Total Local Sources	_	6,956,299	-	6,645,078		(311,221)
State Sources						
Grants		92,530		167,728		75,198
Additional At-Risk Funding		-		4,015		4,015
Capital Construction		105,774	_	106,743		969
Total State Sources	_	198,304	_	278,486		80,182
Federal Sources						
Grants		222,040		229,846		7,806
Total Federal Sources	_	222,040	_	229,846	_	7,806
Total Revenues	_	7,376,643	_	7,153,410		(223,233)
Expenditures						
Salaries		3,962,522		4,014,041		(51,519)
Benefits		1,127,464		1,067,289		60,175
Purchased Services		1,509,465		1,494,309		15,156
Supplies and Materials		224,959		213,006		11,953
Property		216,054		287,906		(71,852)
Other		232,083		205,037		27,046
Contingency	_	103,758	_	-		103,758
Total Expenditures	_	7,376,305	_	7,281,588		94,717
Net Change in Fund Balance		338		(128,178)		(128,516)
Fund Balance, Beginning of year	_	807,152	_	807,152		
Fund Balance, End of year	\$_	807,490	\$_	678,974	\$	(128,516)

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2019

## Note 1: Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions

The Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA) Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund's net pension liability and associated amounts are measured annually at December 31, based on an actuarial valuation as of the previous December 31. The School's contributions and related ratios represent cash contributions and any related accruals that coincide with the School's fiscal year ending on June 30.

#### **Changes in Assumptions and Other Inputs**

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The following revised economic and demographic assumptions were effective as of December 31, 2017.

- Investment rate of return assumption of 7.25% per year, compounded annually. This assumption did not change from the prior year.
- Price inflation assumption of 2.4% per year. This assumption did not change from the prior year.
- Real rate of investment return assumption decreased from 4.85% per year, net of investment expenses, to 4.78%. The rate reflected in the roll-forward calculation of the collective total pension liability to the measurement date increased from 4.78% to 7.25%.
- Wage inflation assumption of 3.5% per year. This assumption did not change from the prior year.
- Healthy and disabled mortality assumptions are based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables.

#### Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

A budget is adopted for the School on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Management submits to the Board of Directors a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1, for their approval. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Directors.

All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Supplementary Information

Girls Athletic Leadership Schools Denver (A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Supplementary Information Combining Balance Sheet

A		Middle School		High School		Boys School		Total
Assets	<b>^</b>	100 115	•	040.040	<b>~</b>	04.040	<b>~</b>	700 004
Cash	\$	499,145	\$	212,918	\$	81,618	\$	793,681
Accounts Receivable		71,454		7,602		14,269		93,325
Grants Receivable		-		5,000		-		5,000
Prepaid Expenditures		1,320	_	5,765	_	41,344		48,429
Total Assets	\$	571,919	\$_	231,285	\$	137,231	\$	940,435
Liabilities and Fund Balance								
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	(64,476)	\$	70	\$	66,347	\$	1,941
Due to Other Schools		(202,517)		103,250		99,267		-
Accrued Liabilities		16,320		9,018		7,347		32,685
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		82,504		68,626		60,625		211,755
Unearned Revenue		21,023	_	(5,943)		-	_	15,080
Total Liabilities	_	(147,146)	_	175,021		233,586		261,461
Fund Balance								
Nonspendable Prepaid Expenditures		1,320		5,765		41,344		48,429
Restricted for Emergencies		115,000		50,000		55,000		220,000
Unrestricted, Unassigned		602,745	_	499		(192,699)	_	410,545
Total Fund Balance		719,065	_	56,264	_	(96,355)		678,974
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	571,919	\$_	231,285	\$	137,231	\$	940,435

# **Girls Athletic Leadership Schools Denver** (A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Supplementary Information Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Middle School		High School		Boys School			Total
Revenues								
Local Sources	\$	3,579,804	\$	1,547,405	\$	1,517,869	\$	6,645,078
State Sources		168,841		65,380		44,265		278,486
Federal Sources		16,810	_	7,293	_	205,743	_	229,846
Total Revenues		3,765,455	_	1,620,078		1,767,877	_	7,153,410
Expenditures								
Instruction		2,494,089		1,236,275		1,341,611		5,071,975
Supporting Services		1,271,366	_	451,532	_	486,715	_	2,209,613
Total Expenditures		3,765,455	_	1,687,807		1,828,326		7,281,588
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(67,729)		(60,449)		(128,178)
Fund Balance, Beginning of year	_	719,065	_	123,993		(35,906)		807,152
Fund Balance, End of year	\$	719,065	\$_	56,264	\$	(96,355)	\$_	678,974

#### Girls Athletic Leadership Schools Denver (A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

#### (A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools Budgetary Comparison Schedule Middle School For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original & Final Budget			Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Local Sources						
Per Pupil Revenue	\$	2,665,308	\$	2,654,162	\$	(11,146)
Mill Levy Override		412,258		408,341		(3,917)
Tuition and Fees		89,088		99,286		10,198
Contributions and Donations		500		263,921		263,421
Investment Income		-		1,182		1,182
Other	_	118,468	_	152,912	_	34,444
Total Local Sources	_	3,285,622	_	3,579,804	_	294,182
State Sources						
Grants		31,851		119,888		88,037
Additional At-Risk Funding		-		2,024		2,024
Capital Construction		43,128	_	46,929	_	3,801
Total State Sources		74,979	_	168,841	_	93,862
Federal Sources						
Grants		13,771		16,810		3,039
Total Federal Sources	_	13,771	_	16,810	_	3,039
Total Revenues	_	3,374,372	_	3,765,455	_	391,083
Expenditures						
Salaries		1,736,869		2,136,883		(400,014)
Benefits		496,183		585,447		(89,264)
Purchased Services		708,928		724,167		(15,239)
Supplies and Materials		89,325		106,396		(17,071)
Property		56,969		73,760		(16,791)
Other		146,023		138,802		7,221
Contingency	_	53,306	_	-	_	53,306
Total Expenditures	_	3,287,603	_	3,765,455	_	(477,852)
Net Change in Fund Balance		86,769		-		(86,769)
Fund Balance, Beginning of year		719,065	_	719,065	_	
Fund Balance, End of year	\$_	805,834	\$_	719,065	\$_	(86,769)

#### Girls Athletic Leadership Schools Denver (A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

#### A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools Budgetary Comparison Schedule High School For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original & Final Budget			Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues						
Local Sources						
	\$	1,210,715	\$	1,120,216	\$	(90,499)
Mill Levy Override		249,528		235,624		(13,904)
Tuition and Fees		37,812		33,590		(4,222)
Contributions and Donations		397,500		134,363		(263,137)
Investment Income		-		2,394		2,394
Other		90,659	_	21,218	_	(69,441)
Total Local Sources		1,986,214	_	1,547,405	_	(438,809)
State Sources						
Grants		55,929		46,398		(9,531)
Additional At-Risk Funding		-		1,188		1,188
Capital Construction		19,124		17,794	_	(1,330)
Total State Sources	_	75,053		65,380	_	(9,673)
Federal Sources						
Grants		5,592		7,293		1,701
Total Federal Sources	_	5,592	_	7,293	-	1,701
Total Revenues		2,066,859	_	1,620,078	_	(446,781)
Expenditures						
Salaries		1,178,337		943,241		235,096
Benefits		337,520		233,611		103,909
Purchased Services		377,729		371,206		6,523
Supplies and Materials		53,782		49,607		4,175
Property		31,968		39,996		(8,028)
Other		42,260		50,146		(7,886)
Contingency		24,214		-	-	24,214
Total Expenditures		2,045,810	_	1,687,807	_	358,003
Net Change in Fund Balance		21,049		(67,729)		(88,778)
Fund Balance, Beginning of year		123,993		123,993	_	
Fund Balance, End of year	\$_	145,042	\$	56,264	\$_	(88,778)

#### (A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Budgetary Comparison Schedule Boys School For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original & Final Budget			Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						<u> </u>	
Local Sources							
Per Pupil Revenue	\$	1,311,897	\$	1,215,377	\$	(96,520)	
Mill Levy Override		201,750		189,921		(11,829)	
Tuition and Fees		32,663		37,992		5,329	
Contributions and Donations		130,500		45,967		(84,533)	
Investment Income		-		195		195	
Other		7,653	_	28,417	_	20,764	
Total Local Sources		1,684,463	_	1,517,869	-	(166,594)	
State Sources							
Grants		4,750		1,442		(3,308)	
Additional At-Risk Funding		-		803		803	
Capital Construction	_	43,522	_	42,020	_	(1,502)	
Total State Sources	_	48,272	_	44,265	_	(4,007)	
Federal Sources							
Grants		202,677		205,743		3,066	
Total Federal Sources	_	202,677	_	205,743	-	3,066	
Total Revenues		1,935,412	_	1,767,877	-	(167,535)	
Expenditures							
Salaries		1,047,316		933,917		113,399	
Benefits		293,761		248,231		45,530	
Purchased Services		422,808		398,936		23,872	
Supplies and Materials		81,852		57,003		24,849	
Property		127,117		174,150		(47,033)	
Other		43,800		16,089		27,711	
Contingency	_	26,238	_	-	-	26,238	
Total Expenditures		2,042,892	_	1,828,326	-	214,566	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(107,480)		(60,449)		47,031	
Fund Balance, Beginning of year		(35,906)	_	(35,906)	-		
Fund Balance, End of year	\$_	(143,386)	\$_	(96,355)	\$	47,031	